# Think - Pair - Share

**Oral Language Strategy Sheet** 



Think-Pair-Share is a cooperative learning strategy that focuses on the student, independently formulating his/her own thoughts; discussing and refining them with a partner and then sharing with the group.

# Why use Think-Pair-Share?

- So that all students will think and speak, not just a vocal minority. If you just ask a question of the entire class, the quickest responder may actually de-incentivise the others from thinking about the question at all.
- To provide 'wait time' your students' oral contributions will be richer if they have had time to think.
- Providing each student with an opportunity to discuss his/her thoughts with a partner before sharing with the wider class may lead to more well-thought out contributions and more confident contributors.

#### **Learning Outcomes**

By choosing to engage in this activity, the following learning outcomes will automatically be encountered: OL1, OL2, OL11

Depending on the topic you are approaching, this strategy is also a very effective way to engage with the following learning outcomes: 0L10, 0L12 R2, R6, R7 W5

# Student Friendly Learning Intentions: Students will:

Work independently to interpret personal understanding Work with others to refine thinking Gain confidence from collective discussions Learn to appreciate a range of opinions Speak with confidence

### **Key Skills**

Communication Working with Others Managing Myself Staying Well

#### Preparation

The most basic preparation for Think-Pair-Share is a clearly defined topic to discuss.

### Instructions

The first step gives students time to think about a topic and to gather and formulate their own thoughts. Next they can discuss their thoughts with a partner, comparing and contrasting their thoughts and opinions. Lastly, with the confidence gained from already having articulated and teased out their thoughts with a partner, they are invited to share their thoughts with the class at large.

#### Step One: Think

Give students a few moments of silence to think about the topic, to work out what *they* think, what *they* feel, what *they* are certain or uncertain about.

#### Step Two: Pair

Give students an opportunity to discuss their thoughts with a partner. The time needed for this stage will vary depending on the context. This stage will challenge students to articulate and develop their thoughts and will help to prepare them for the next level of sharing with the entire class.

# **Step Three: Share**

You might ask for volunteers, choose students at random or use a lollipop system to choose students to share their thoughts. If you (or a student) make notes on the board it can be a nice idea to credit students' contributions by adding their initials to the point made.